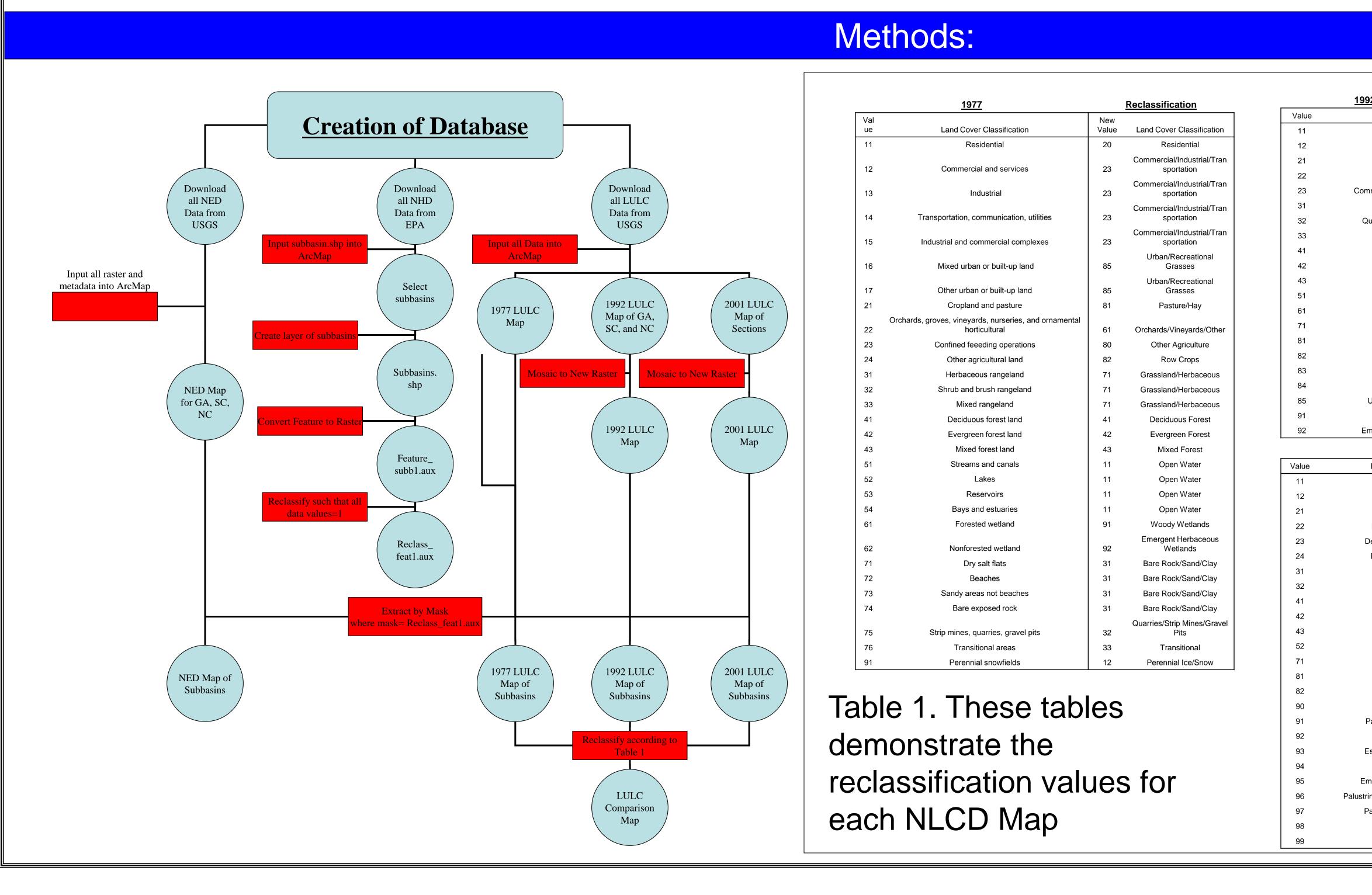


Objectives:
Create an Elevation Dataset for Watershed De
 Delineate 10 Subbasins
Create a Land Use Dataset for Analysis of Lat
Cover Change
 Create a map of:
o1977 Land Use
o1992 Land Use
o2001 Land Use
Clip Land Cover for Each Subbasin
Introduction:

As humans impact their environment, it is likely to change the manner in which the natural system behaves. Land use is likely to impact many natural phenomena. One such effect is seen in changes in the hydrologic cycle and hydrologic behaviors. The effects of land cover change have been shown to impact hydrologic and geomorphic qualities in various studies (Price 2006, Bercher 2007, Kliment 2009, Chen 2005, et al.). In order to better understand the impact land cover change has on stream characteristics, a dataset must be created. Unfortunately, the Blue Ridge physiographic province has not received much attention with respect to the impact humans have had on stream channels (Price 2006). In order to analyze how streams have been impacted by land cover change, a dataset must be developed. This data must include a high spatial resolution elevation layer to allow for further watershed delineation as well as land cover data for the time period being studied. Once created, this data could be used for various hydrologic modeling, baseflow analysis, or other applications. In this study, the subbasins chosen were: the Lower Catawba, Saluda, Seneca, Tuckasegee, Upper Broad, Upper Chattahoochee, Upper French Broad, Upper Neuse, Upper Ocmulgee, and Upper Oconee (Figure 1).

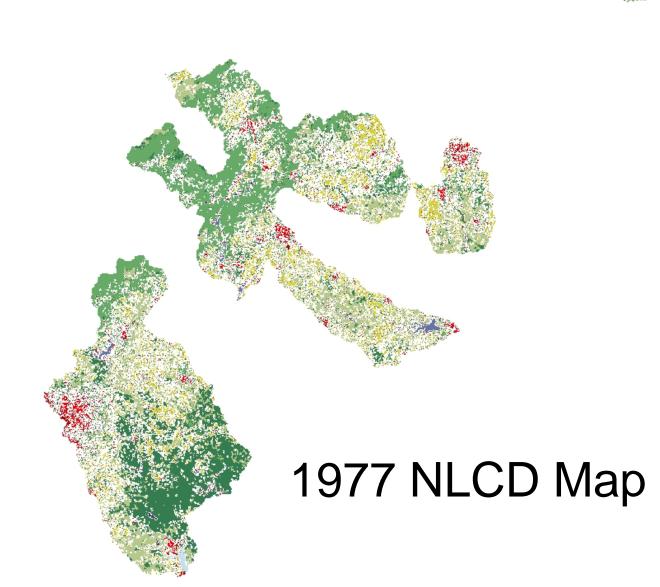


Creation Of a Land Cover Dataset for 10 Subbasins

Earth and Environmental Sciences, Furman University, Greenville, SC 29613

Delineation

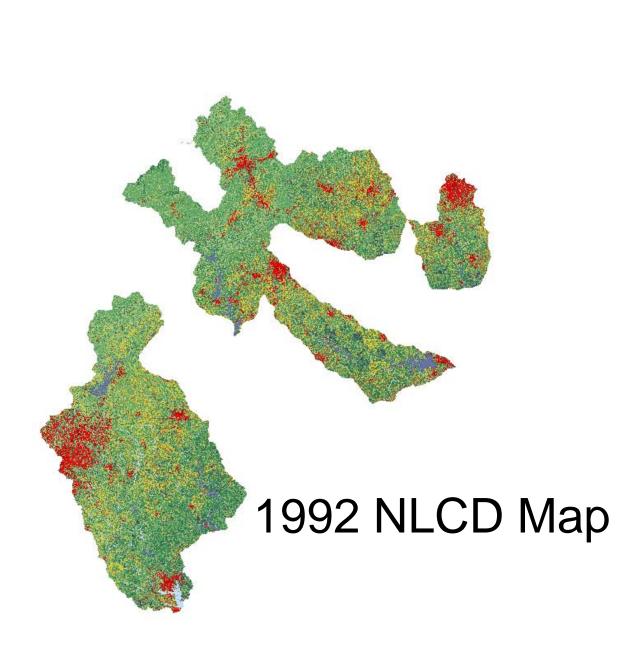
and

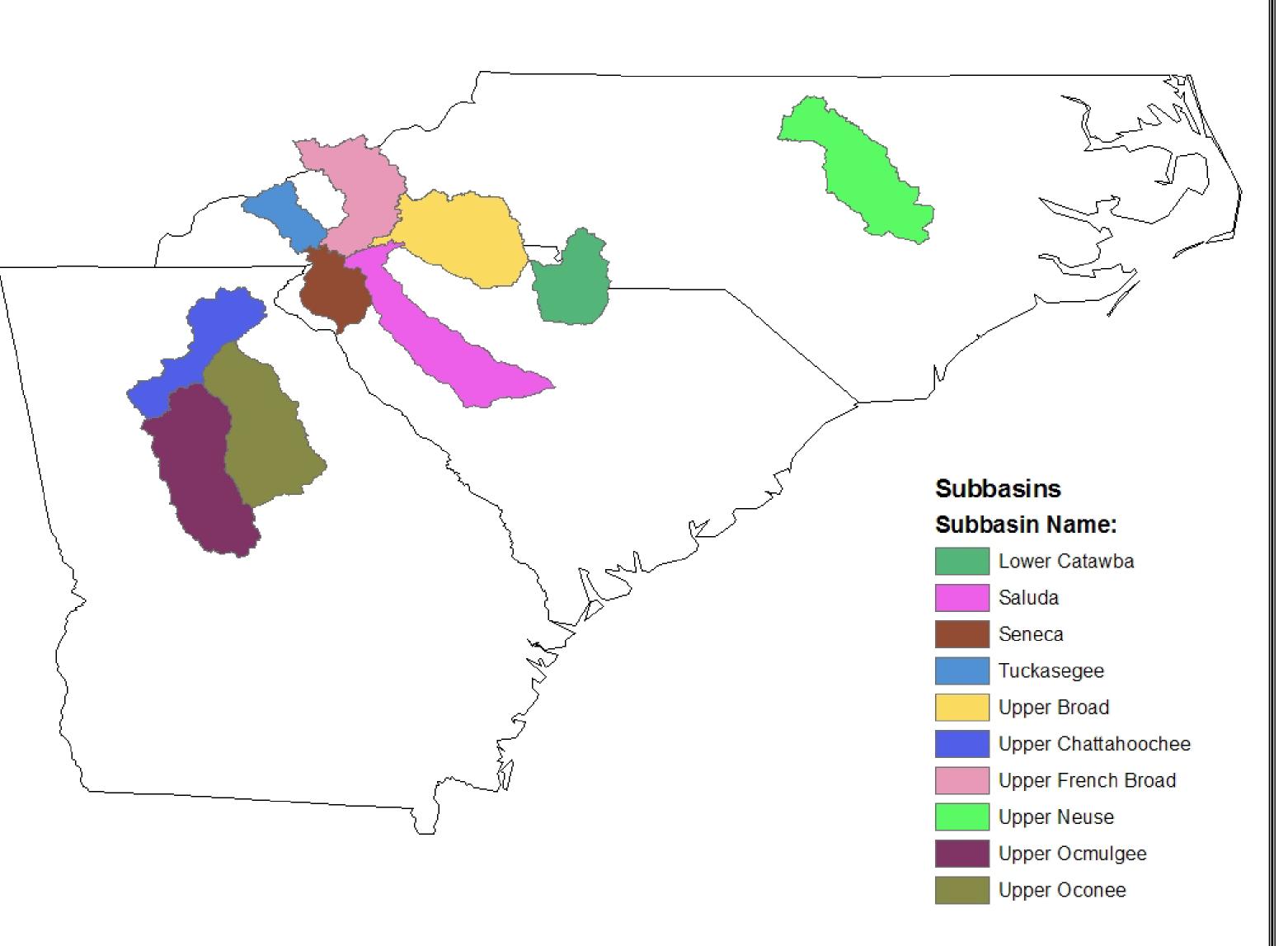


2001 NLCD Map

Robert Harrell

Land Cover Maps





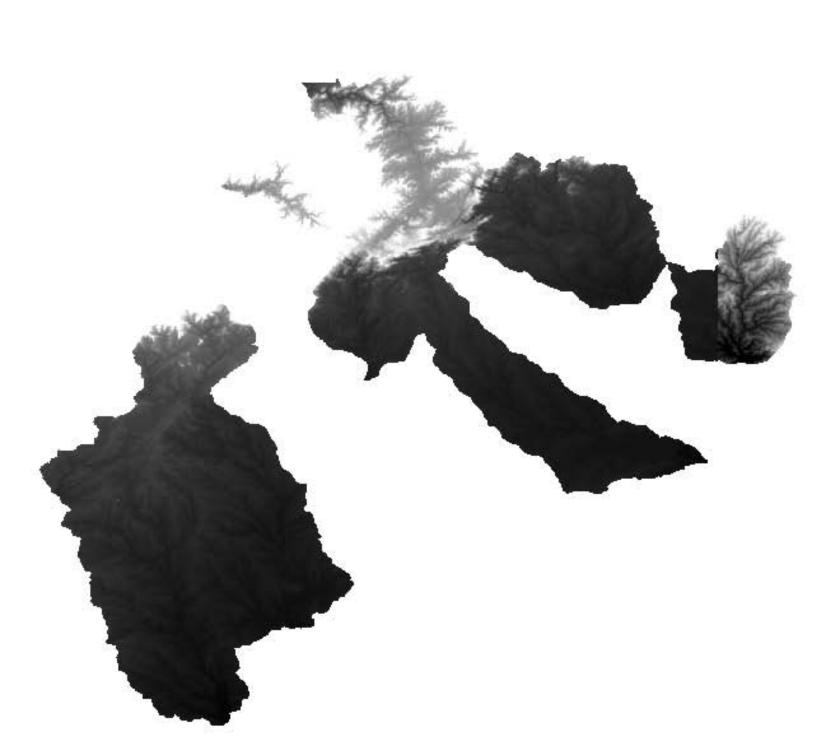


e Rock/Sand/Clay arries/Strip Mines/Gravel Pits ransitional

Deciduous Forest
Evergreen Forest
Mixed Forest
Orchards/Vineyards/Other
Grassland/Herbaceous
Other Agriculture
Pasture/Hay
Row Crops
Urban/Recreational Grasses
Woody Wetlands
 ACC: 1 101 10 101 101 101 101

Emergent Herbaceous Wetlands





2 Classification		Reclassification
Land Cover Classification	New Value	Land Cover Classification
Open Water	11	Open Water
Perennial Ice/Snow	12	Perennial Ice/Snow
Low Intensity Residential	20	Residential
High Intensity Residential	20	Residential
mercial/Industrial/Transportation	23	Commercial/Industrial/Transportation
Bare Rock/Sand/Clay	31	Bare Rock/Sand/Clay
uarries/Strip Mines/Gravel Pits	32	Quarries/Strip Mines/Gravel Pits
Transitional	33	Transitional
Deciduous Forest	41	Deciduous Forest
Evergreen Forest	42	Evergreen Forest
Mixed Forest	43	Mixed Forest
Shrubland	51	Shrubland
Orchards/Vineyards/Other	61	Orchards/Vineyards/Other
Grassland/Herbaceous	71	Grassland/Herbaceous
Pasture/Hay	81	Pasture/Hay
Row Crops	82	Row Crops
Small Grains	83	Small Grains
Fallow	84	Fallow
Urban/ Recreational Grasses	85	Urban/ Recreational Grasses
Woody Wetlands	91	Woody Wetlands
nergent Herbaceous Wetlands	92	Emergent Herbaceous Wetlands
		_
<u>2001</u>		Reclassification
Land Cover Classification	New Value	Land Cover Classification
Open Water	11	Open Water
Perennial Ice/Snow	12	Perennial Ice/Snow
Developed, Open Space	85	Urban/Recreational Grasses
Developed, Low Intensity	20	Residential
Developed, Medium Intensity	20	Residential
Developed, High Intensity	23	Commercial/Industrial/Transportation
Barren Land	31	Bare Rock/Sand/Clay
Unconsolidated Shore	31	Bare Rock/Sand/Clay
Deciduous Forest	41	Deciduous Forest
Evergreen Forest	42	Evergreen Forest
Mixed Forest	43	Mixed Forest
Scrub/Shrub	51	Shrubland
Grassland/Herbaceous	71	Grassland/Herbaceous
Pasture/Hay	81	Pasture/Hay
Cultivated Crops	82	Row Crops
Woody Wetlands	91	Woody Wetlands
Palustrine Forested Wetland	91	Woody Wetlands
Palustrine Scrub/Shrub	92	Emergent Herbaceous Wetlands
stuarine Forested Wetlands	91	Woody Wetlands
Estuarine Scrub/Shrub	92	Emergent Herbaceous Wetlands
nergent Herbaceous Wetland	92	Emergent Herbaceous Wetlands
ne Emergent Wetland (Persistent)	92	Emergent Herbaceous Wetlands
alustrine Emegrent Wetland	92	Emergent Herbaceous Wetlands
Palustrine Aquatic Bed	92	Emergent Herbaceous Wetlands
	1	

References Bercher, C.L., Valett, H.M., and Benfield, E.F. (2007). The land cover cascade relationships coupling land and water. *Ecology*, *88(1)*, 228-242. Chen, J., Li X., Zhang, M. (2005). Simulating the impacts of climate variation and land-cover changes on basin hydrology: a case study of the Suomo Science in China series D Earth Sciences, 48(9), 1501basin. 1509. Kliment, Z. and Matouskova, M. (2009). Runoff changes in the Sumava Mountains (Black Forest) and the foothill regions: extent of influence by human impact and change. Water Resource Management, 23, 1813-1834. climate Price, Katie and Leigh, David S. (2006). Morphological and sedimentological responses of streams to impact in the southern Blue Ridge Mountains, USA. human Geomorphology, 78, 142-160. For projection and data sources, please see: N:\users\harrell\GIS LandCover Data\POSTER\projdata.doc



Figure 1. This map shows the location of each subbasin





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